

## BORDISMS AND TFTS - EXERCISE 7

(1) *Equivalent definitions of Frobenius algebras*

- (a) Let  $A$  be a  $\Phi$ -Frobenius algebra. Show that defining

$$\kappa : A \otimes A \rightarrow \mathbb{k}$$

as  $\kappa(a, b) := \Phi_b(a)$  gives  $A$  the structure of a  $\kappa$ -Frobenius algebra.


- (b) Conversely, let  $A$  be a  $\kappa$ -Frobenius algebra. Show that defining

$$\Phi : {}_A A \rightarrow (A_A)^*$$

as  $\Phi(b)(a) := \kappa(a, b)$  gives  $A$  the structure of a  $\Phi$ -Frobenius algebra.

(2) *TFT from a group algebra*

- (a) Let  $G$  be a finite, abelian group, and let  $\mathbb{k}[G]$  denote the group algebra of  $G$ . Set  $\mathcal{Z}(S^1) = \mathbb{k}[G]$ , and let the multiplication and counit of  $\mathbb{k}[G]$  be given by the linear extensions of

$$m := \mathcal{Z} \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right) : \mathbb{k}[G] \otimes \mathbb{k}[G] \rightarrow \mathbb{k}[G]$$


$$g \otimes h \mapsto gh$$

and

$$\mathcal{Z} \left( \bigcirc \right) : \mathbb{k}[G] \rightarrow \mathbb{k}$$

$$g \mapsto \delta_{g,e}.$$

Show that this assignment defines an oriented topological field theory

$$\mathcal{Z} : \text{Bord}_{2,1}^{\text{or}} \rightarrow \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{k}}.$$

- (b) Using Exercise 1, what is the corresponding  $\Phi$ -Frobenius structure on  $\mathbb{k}[G]$ ?  
 (c) Compute  $\Delta : \mathbb{k}[G] \rightarrow \mathbb{k}[G] \otimes \mathbb{k}[G]$ . *Hint:* Use the basis of  $\mathbb{k}[G]$ .  
 (d) Compute the value of the TFT on the genus  $g$  surface with 2 disks removed, i.e. compute  $\mathcal{Z}(\Sigma_g \setminus D \sqcup D)$ .

(3) *Examples of Frobenius algebras*

- (a) Show that  $\mathbb{C}$  is a Frobenius algebra over  $\mathbb{R}$  with Frobenius form induced by

$$\varepsilon : \mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$a + bi \mapsto a.$$

Could we have chosen a different map  $\mathbb{C} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ?

- (b) Let  $G$  be a finite group of order  $n$ . A *class function* on  $G$  is a function  $G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$  which is constant on each conjugacy class<sup>1</sup>. The class functions of  $G$  form a ring  $R(G)$ . Show that the bilinear pairing

$$\kappa(\phi, \psi) := \frac{1}{n} \sum_{t \in G} \phi(t) \psi(t^{-1})$$

gives  $R(G)$  the structure of a  $\kappa$ -Frobenius algebra.

- (c) Let  $X$  be a compact oriented manifold of dimension  $n$  and let  $H^*(X) = \bigoplus_{i=0}^n H^i(X)$  denote the de Rham cohomology, which is a ring under the wedge product. Show that the pairing

$$\int : H^*(X) \otimes H^*(X) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$(\alpha, \beta) \mapsto \int_X \alpha \wedge \beta$$

gives  $H^*(X)$  the structure of a  $\kappa$ -Frobenius algebra over  $\mathbb{R}$ .

- (d) Look up additional examples of Frobenius algebras.

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<sup>1</sup>Characters, i.e. traces of representations, are examples of class functions.