

Prof. Dr. Eva Viehmann  
Dr. Paul Hamacher

## Linear algebraic groups (MA 5113)

**Exercise 49** (The symmetric group as Coxeter group). Let  $G = \mathrm{GL}_n$  and denote by  $T \subset B \subset G$  the diagonal torus and the Borel subgroup of upper triangular matrices, respectively. Then the Weyl group of  $(G, T)$  is the symmetric group  $\mathfrak{S}_n$  by Exercise 10.

- (a) Let  $S \subset \mathfrak{S}_n$  be the set of simple reflections corresponding to  $B$ . Prove that  $S$  equals the set of adjacent transpositions  $\{(i \ i+1) \mid i = 1, \dots, n-1\}$ .
- (b) Let  $w \in \mathfrak{S}_n$ . Prove that  $\ell(w) = \#\{(i, j) \in \{1, \dots, n\}^2 \mid i < j, \sigma(i) > \sigma(j)\}$

**Exercise 50** (The Weyl group of  $\mathrm{Sp}_{2n}$ ). Let  $G = \mathrm{Sp}_{2n}$  and denote by  $T \subset B \subset G$  the diagonal torus and the Borel subgroup of upper triangular matrices, respectively. Then the Weyl group  $W$  of  $(G, T)$  is isomorphic to  $\{w \in \mathfrak{S}_n \mid w(2n+1-i) = 2n+1-w(i)\}$  by Exercise 43.

- (a) Show that  $W$  is isomorphic to the group of automorphisms of  $\{\pm 1, \dots, \pm n\}$  satisfying  $\sigma(-a) = -\sigma(a)$  for all  $a$ .
- (b) Let  $S \subset W$  be the set of simple reflections corresponding to  $B$ . Prove that

$$S = \{(i \ i+1)(2n-i \ 2n+1-i) \mid i = 1, \dots, n-1\} \cup \{(n \ n+1)\}.$$

- (c) For each pair of simple reflections  $s_i, s_j$  compute the order of  $s_i s_j$ .

**Exercise 51** (Inner and outer automorphisms). Let  $G$  be semi-simple reductive group. We fix a *splitting* of  $G$ , that is a triple  $(B, T, \{u_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in D})$ , where  $T \subset B \subset G$  is a maximal torus and a Borel subgroup, respectively;  $u_\alpha \in U_\alpha$  where we denote by  $D$  the basis of the root system associated to  $B$ . Moreover, we denote by  $\Phi = (X, R, D, X^\vee, R^\vee, D^\vee)$  the root datum with basis associated to  $(G, B, T)$ .

- (a) Show that  $G$  acts simply transitively on the set of splittings by conjugation. Conclude that any automorphism  $\phi \in \mathrm{Aut}(G)$  can be written uniquely as  $\phi = c_g \circ \phi_0$ , where  $c_g$  denotes the conjugation with an element  $g \in G$  (such an automorphism is called inner automorphism) and  $\phi_0 \in \mathrm{Aut} G$  fixes  $(B, T, \{u_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in D})$ .
- (b) Denote by  $\mathrm{Out}(G)$  the set of automorphisms  $\phi_0 \in \mathrm{Aut}(G)$  which fix  $(B, T, \{u_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in D})$ . Prove that any  $\phi_0 \in \mathrm{Out}(G)$  induces an automorphism of  $\Phi$  and that the resulting homomorphism  $\mathrm{Out}(G) \rightarrow \mathrm{Aut} \Phi$  is injective.
- (c) Show that for  $G = \mathrm{SL}_n$ , one has  $\mathrm{Aut} \Phi \cong \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ . Give an example of an automorphism  $\phi_0 \in \mathrm{Out}(\mathrm{SL}_n)$  (for a splitting of your choice) such that it corresponds to the non-trivial automorphism in  $\mathrm{Aut} \Phi$ .

**Exercise 52** (Bruhat decomposition for  $\mathrm{GL}_n$ ). Let  $G = \mathrm{GL}_n$  and  $B \subset G$  the Borel subgroup of upper triangular matrices. Recall that  $G/B$  can be identified with the parameter space of flags  $V_1 \subset \dots \subset V_{n-1} \subset k^n$  with  $\dim V_i = i$ .

- (a) Describe the canonical  $G$ -action on  $G/B$  in terms of flags.
- (b) Prove that two flags  $(W_\bullet), (W'_\bullet) \in G/B$  lie in the same  $B$ -orbit if and only if for every  $i, j$

$$\dim W_i \cap V_j = \dim W'_i \cap V_j$$

(c) Give explicit conditions on the matrix entries describing the six  $B$ -double cosets for  $n = 3$ .

Deadline: Friday, 4th February, 2017

**If you have questions regarding the exercises, please send an email to [hamacher@ma.tum.de](mailto:hamacher@ma.tum.de).**

**The exercise classes are Fridays, 10-12 in room MI 02.08.020.**

**Further information about our lectures and exercises are available under**

<http://www-m11.ma.tum.de/viehmann/viehmann-linear-algebraic-groups/>.