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## Introduction to Algebraic Number Theory $_{\rm Sheet \ 8}$

**Exercise 1.** Let  $K = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[3]{5})$ . Given that  $\mathcal{O}_K = \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt[3]{5}]$ , find the prime factorisation of the ideals (2), (3), (5) and (7) in  $\mathcal{O}_K$ . Show that all prime ideal factors which occur are principal. Using Minkowski's bound, show that  $\mathcal{O}_K$  is a PID.

**Exercise 2.** Show that the equation  $y^2 = x^3 - 5$  has no integer solutions. *Hint:* For such x and y, show that the ideals  $(y + \sqrt{-5})$  and  $(y - \sqrt{-5})$  of  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-5})}$  are coprime and then use the fact that  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-5})$  has class number two.

**Exercise 3.** Compute the class number of  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-23})$ .